

Maldivian (Dhivehi) Thaana ޞަފްހާ Alphabet

Consonants

ކ	ލ	ބ	ރ	ނ	ޝ	ހ
k (kaafu)	lh (lhaviyani)	b (baa)	r (raa)	n (noonu)	sh (shaviyani)	h (haa)
ލ	ތ	ދ	ފ	މ	ވ	އ
l (laamu)	th (thaa)	dh (dhaalu)	f (faafu)	m (meemu)	v (vaavu)	alifu
ޔ	ޓ	ޕ	ޔ	ސ	ޖ	ގ
y (yaa)	t (taviyani)	z (zaviyani)	d (daviyani)	s (seenu)	gn (gnaviyani)	g (gaafu)
			ޙ	ޛ	ޞ	ޞ
			z (zaa)	ch (chaviyani)	j (javiyani)	p (paviyani)

Vowels

އ	އ	އ	އ	އ	އ
sukun	o (obofili)	e (ebefili)	u (ubufili)	i (ibifili)	a (abafili)
ޔ	އ	އ	އ	އ	އ
ɳ (naviyani)	ō (ōbōfili)	ē (ēbēfili)	ū (ūbūfili)	ī (ībīfili)	ā (ābāfili)

މިއަދު
miadhū = today

ފަން
pān = bread

ހިންދީ
Hindhī

ނުވ
nūn = no

ހަންދު
handū = rice

ހިންދީ
Hindhī

މަލެ
Malé

ފެން
fen = water

ޝުކުރުޔާ
shukuriyā = thank you

When alifu carries a sukun ْ within a word, it means that the next consonant is doubled (or stressed) when pronounced. For example,

އުބަތްތި
ubbaththi = candle

މަކްކާ
Makkā

ފާދިބޮލްޙު
Fādhippolhu = Lhaviyani Atoll

When ހ occurs at the end of a word, it indicates that a light "h" sound is added to the "e" sound.

ފަހެ
faheh = five

ހަތް
hathaleh = four

އެކެ
ekeh = one